

Math 300: Homework 5

Due Friday Feb. 26

1. Page 66: 3, 5, 6;
2. Let $\{I_\alpha\}_{\alpha \in \mathcal{A}}$ be a collection of disjoint open intervals in \mathbb{R} . I.e. $I_\alpha \cap I_\beta = \emptyset$ if $\alpha, \beta \in \mathcal{A}$ and $\alpha \neq \beta$. Show that \mathcal{A} must be countable.
3. Prove that any open set in \mathbb{R} can be written as a countable disjoint union of open intervals.
4. Find a subset A in \mathbb{R} such that the followings are distinct.

$$A \quad \text{int}(A) \quad \text{cl}(\text{int}(A)) \quad \text{int}(\text{cl}(A))$$

5. Suppose A is a closed subset of \mathbb{R} that is bounded above. Prove that the least upper bound of A belongs to A .
6. Let $A \subset \mathbb{R}$. Show that the closure of A is the smallest closed set containing A .
7. Let $X \subset \mathbb{R}$. Show that $O \subset X$ is relatively open in X if and only if $O = X \cap A$ for some A that is open in \mathbb{R} .
8. Let $X \subset \mathbb{R}$. Show that $F \subset X$ is relatively closed in X if and only if $F = X \cap B$ for some B that is closed in \mathbb{R} .
9. If $\{K_\alpha\}$ is a collection of compact subsets of \mathbb{R} such that the intersection of every finite subcollection of $\{K_\alpha\}$ is nonempty, then $\bigcap_\alpha K_\alpha$ is nonempty. In particular, if $\{K_n\}$ is a sequence of nonempty closed and bounded sets in \mathbb{R} such that $K_n \supset K_{n+1}$, for $n \geq 1$. Then $\bigcap_{n=1}^\infty K_n$ is not empty.

Hint: Show by contradiction. Suppose that $\bigcap_\alpha K_\alpha = \emptyset$, then there exists a compact set K belonging to the collection such that each $x \in K$ does not belong to all of the other K_α 's. Then $\{U_\alpha = (K_\alpha)^c : K_\alpha \neq K\}$ is an open cover for K . Use the fact that K is compact to find a contradiction.